

TÜV INTERCERT S.r.I. – Group of TÜV Saarland on behalf of TÜV INTERCERT GmbH – Group of TÜV Saarland

Report no.: RC-1117-SIL-TIC-PC-0010061-17-02

SIL SUMMARY REPORT

IEC 61508-1/7: 2010

Pneumatic compact scotch-yoke double acting actuators

Series RC

Rotork Sweden AB Kontrollvägen, 15 SE-791 22 Falun

Date:

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Place:

Reggio Emilia

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Signature

This document is only valid in its entirety, without any change.



1 INTRODUCTION

This report summarises the results of the assessment according to standards:

IEC 61508-1/7: 2010

for the following products:

pneumatic compact scotch-yoke double acting actuators series RC

NOTES:

• The results of this report can be used for the assessment of a complete Safety Instrumented System.

2 ASSESSMENT AND RESULTS

Product identification					
Device	Pneumatic	Pneumatic compact scotch-yoke double acting actuators			
Series	RC	RC			
Models / configurations	RC - No PST RC - With PST RC88 - No PST RC88 - With PST				
Safety function(s)					
1.	Delivery of a full stroke (90° ± tolerance) driven by the piston of cylinder, powered by the specified medium working pressure. NOTE: considering the functioning of the actuator to perform the safety function(s), the safety functions "close" and "open" can be considered equivalent.				
Mode of operation of the safety function(s)	Low demand mode				
Reference standards					
General functional safety standard	IEC 61508	-1/7: 2010			
Product specific functional safety standard	None				
Assessment phases					
Management of functional safety / functional safety planning	Assessed	A functional safety audit of the management systems and of the functional safety planning is conducted to document and highlight that the development of the product under consideration is compliant with IEC 61508.			
Safety requirements specification	Assessed	The Safety requirements specification is assessed with respect to its consistency and completeness in a comparison with the applicable requirements of IEC 61508.			



Design	Assessed	 The assessment of the design included the following aspects: Quantifiable aspects: random failure rates, DC, SFF, PFD_{AVG}, β factors, MRT, PTC, architectural constraints Non-quantifiable aspects: behaviour of the safety function under fault conditions, safety-related software (not applicable to the product under consideration), systematic failures, behaviour under environmental conditions 		
Verification and Validation	Assessed	See below for the results. The verification and validation activities performed by the manufacturer include review, analysis and tests.		
Information for use	Assessed	 The assessment covers: the installation, operation and maintenance instructions (IOM Manual) the particular instructions required by Annex D of IEC 61508 Part 2 (Safety Manual) 		
Modification	Assessed			
Results				
Selected assessment routes	 For System Furthermony 7.4.10.7 of fulfilled, as the and the (incompared of second of secon	hitectural constraints: Routes 1_{H} and 2_{H} stematic Capability: Route 1_{S} re, the requirements in paragraphs 7.4.10.1– IEC 61508 Part 2 are assessed and considering product has a restricted and specified functionality is designed to perform specified safety functions product has an adequate documentary evidence luding extensive operating experience and results uitability analysis and testing), sufficient to claim declared failure rates manufacturer has an effective system for orting failures		
Element type (A or B)	Туре А			
HFT	The produc	The product has a single channel configuration, HFT=0.		



Random failure rates	The determination of random failure rates is performed with a FMEDA, integrated with field feedback, according to IEC 61508 Part 2 Par. 7.4.4.3.3, using the Bayesian approach.				
Configuration	Safety function	λ _{DU} [1/h]	λ _{DD} [1/h]	λ _s [1/h]	
RC - No PST	1	1,27E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
RC - With PST	1	1,14E-09	1,15E-08	0,00E+00	
RC88- No PST	1	2,49E-08	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	
RC88 - With PST	1	2,24E-09	2,27E-08	0,00E+00	
Spurious trip rate		NOTE: failures of components of the cylinder cannot generate spurious trips. The "spurious trip rate" is therefore 0,00E+00			
DC	Diagnostic is or PST.	es not include in Ny be possible v for the PST is de	ia external mear	ns, e.g. with a	
SFF	Considering tha 61508 Part 4: • SFF=0 v • SFF>0 v accordir	 The procedure for the PST is described in the Safety Manual. Considering that λ_S=0, according to definitions 3.6.15 of IEC 61508 Part 4: SFF=0 without external diagnostic tests SFF>0 with external diagnostic tests, carried out according to definition 3.8.7 of IEC 61508 Part 4, and according to what written in the Safety Manual 			
PFD _{AVG}	 As the PFD_{AVG} value depends also on the test intervals and on the PTC and the coverage of external tests, which are not product-dependant quantities, the PFD_{AVG} values are not product relevant quantities, while λ values are. Anyway, PFD_{AVG} values are calculated for a certain number of combination of test intervals. See Annex A. 				
β factors	 β=β_D=0,05 The above value is the value for 1oo2 architecture. The values for other architectures shall be calculated according to IEC 61508 Part 6, Table D.5. The above value is calculated in the hypothesis of redundancy without diversity The β factors can be used when performing PFD_{AVG} calculations for redundant architectures. 				
MRT	24 h The MRT considered is the Technical Mean Repair Time, i.e., it takes in consideration availability of skilled personnel, adequate tools and spare parts.				
PTC	The procedure for the Proof Test is described in the Safety Manual.				
Architectural constraints	 The product can be used in: single channel configuration: up to SIL 2 without external diagnostic tests up to SIL 3 considering external diagnostic tests double channel configuration: up to SIL 3 				



Expected lifetime	25 years	
Behaviour of the safety function under fault conditions	The product does not include internal diagnostics.	
Safety related SW No SW is used to implement the safety function.		
Systematic Capability	3	
Behaviour under environmental conditions Limitations for use	The behaviour in environmental conditions is assessed evaluating the relevant environmental tests. Make reference to the Safety Manual.	
Remarks		
• The random failure rates in the product.	above table are valid for all the possible configurations of the	
Part 4), no Safe Failures are po actuator itself shall be classified spurious operation of the safety	C 61508 (in particular definitions 3.6.8 and 3.6.13 of IEC 61508 ossible in a double acting actuator: each failure mode of the d as "Dangerous" or "No Effect" (failures which can generate the function are only external to the actuator itself, and even in the e actuator "stays put"); hence, $\underline{\lambda_s=0}$ for each type of double	
• Failures of components of the of The "spurious trip rate" is there	cylinder cannot generate spurious trips. fore 0,00E+00 [1/h]	
	λ_{SD} and λ_{SU} as this subdivision has no relevance for any of the	
• For further details, make refere	nce to the Safety Manual.	
Reference documents		
SIL Assessment Report TÜV INTERCERT document no. RC-1117-SIL-TIC-PC-0010061-17-		
Safety Manual Rotork document no. SM-RC-A-00-E		

3 STATUS OF THE DOCUMENT

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ANNEX A - EXAMPLES OF PFDAVG CALCULATIONS

Type: RC - No PST - Safety function: 1

ſ	Proof test interval (months)					
	6 12 24 36 48					
	2,80E-05 5,57E-05 1,11E-04 1,67E-04 2,22E-04					

Type: RC - With PST – Safety function: 1

		Proof test interval (months)				
		6	12	24	36	48
	1	7,00E-06	9,50E-06	1,45E-05	1,95E-05	2,45E-05
val s)	2	1,12E-05	1,37E-05	1,87E-05	2,37E-05	2,87E-05
interv: onths)	3	1,54E-05	1,79E-05	2,29E-05	2,79E-05	3,29E-05
Γi	6		3,05E-05	3,55E-05	4,05E-05	4,55E-05
PST (m	9				5,31E-05	
	12			6,07E-05	6,57E-05	7,07E-05

Type: RC88 - No PST - Safety function: 1

Proof test interval (months)					
6 12 24 36 48					
5,52E-05 1,10E-04 2,19E-04 3,28E-04 4,37E-04					

Type: RC88 - With PST – Safety function: 1

		Proof test interval (months)					
_		6	6 12 24 36 48				
	1	1,38E-05	1,87E-05	2,85E-05	3,84E-05	4,82E-05	
val s)	2	2,21E-05	2,70E-05	3,68E-05	4,66E-05	5,65E-05	
nter nth:	3	3,03E-05	3,53E-05	4,51E-05	5,49E-05	6,47E-05	
ST interv (months)	6		6,01E-05	6,99E-05	7,98E-05	8,96E-05	
PS' n	9				1,05E-04		
	12			1,20E-04	1,29E-04	1,39E-04	

NOTES:

- The above values of PFDAVG are calculated for MRT=24 h and proof test coverage=100%. For other values of MRT, TI, TI_{PS} and/or non-perfect proof test, the PFD_{AVG} values must be re-calculated.
- The PFDAVG values including partial stroke test are calculated considering the use of a commercial automatic partial ٠ stroking test system: for further details, see the Safety Manual.

The values in the above tables are compatible with SIL 3.



ANNEX B - ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Term	Meaning
β, β _D	Beta common cause factor
λвв	"Black Box" Failure rate – Literature data
λD	Failure rate of dangerous failures
λ_{DD}	Failure rate of detected dangerous failures
λ _{DU}	Failure rate of undetected dangerous failures
λ _{NE}	Failure rate of no effect failures
λs	Failure rate of safe failures
λss	"Steady State" Failure rate – Final Value
DC	Diagnostic coverage
FMEDA	Failure modes, effects and diagnostic analysis
HFT	Hardware fault tolerance
High demand mode	Mode, where the frequency of demands for operation made on a safety- related system is greater than one per year
Low demand mode	Mode, where the frequency of demands for operation made on a safety- related system is no greater than one per year
MRT	Mean repair time
PFD	Probability of failure on demand
PFD _{AVG}	Average probability of failure on demand
PFH	Probability of failure per hour
PST	Partial stroke test
PTC	Proof test coverage
SFF	Safe failure fraction
SIF	Safety instrumented function
SIL	Safety integrity level
SIS	Safety instrumented system
SLC	Safety lifecycle
SRS	Safety requirements specification
ТΙ	Test interval for proof test (full stroke)
TI _D (TI _{PS})	Test interval for diagnostic test (partial stroke)
Туре А	"Non-complex" element (using only discrete components to implement the safety function)
Туре В	"Complex" element (using also micro controllers or programmable logic to implement the safety function)

For definitions, standard IEC 61508 (in particular Part 4) applies.